Reg. No. :

Question Paper Code : 61207

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2014.

Sixth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 1352 A - ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION

(Regulation 2008)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —
$$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

- 1. State reciprocity theorem.
- 2. Define Directive gain of an antenna.
- 3. What is meant by Retarded potentials?
- 4. Write the expression for the power radiated by a half wave dipole.
- 5. What are the advantages of Rhombic antenna?
- 6. Write the design consideration of a helical antenna in Axial and Normal mode.
- 7. What is offset feed system?
- 8. What is the principle of parabolic reflectors?
- 9. What is skip distance?
- 10. What is line of sight propagation?

PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$

11. (a) Derive a relationship between directive gain, effective length and radiation resistance of a dipole antenna. (16)

Or

(b) Obtain the radiation pattern of a linear array of 4 isotropic element spaced $\lambda/2$ apart and with equal currents fed in phase. (16)

12. (a) Explain in detail how the current distribution varies with respect to length (λ) of thin wire antennas. (16)

Or

- (b) Obtain an expression of an antenna for average power in terms of r.m.s current and obtain the radiation resistance of a quarter wave monopole.
 - (16)
- 13. (a) Illustrate how 'V' antennas are formed and discuss in detail about their radiation resistance. (16)

Or

- (b) Describe the design considerations for helical antennas in Axial and Normal mode. (16)
- 14. (a) With a neat sketch explain the principle of parabolic reflector and cassegrain feed system. (16)

\mathbf{Or}

- (b) Explain the radiation from a rectangular aperture treated as an array of huygen's source. (16)
- 15. (a) Explain different atmospheric effects in space wave propagation. (16)

Or

(b) Discuss in detail the structure of the ionosphere and effect of earth's magnetic field in sky wave propagation. (16)